THE CHARWICK CASE

Motion Made to Discharge Prisoner from Custody

NOW BEING ARGUED

JURY EXCUSED WHILE JUDGE WING MAKES PLEA.

Testimony of Bank Officials Does Not Agree-Question of Credit in the Oberlin Bank

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 9.-T. C. Doolittle, the bookkeeping expert called yesterday as the first witness for the defense, occupied the witness stand when the trial of Mrs. Chadwick was resumed

this morning He testified that the entries of \$10,000 and \$5,000 on the books of the Oberlin Bank, under date of November 3, 1903, were items of credit to Mrs. Chadwick.

Similar entries on the discount register showed that the two items were regarded by the bank as being to the credit of Mrs. Chadwick. November 16, 1903, the journal showed the entry of a note of \$40,000. This did not appear on the discount register, but the journal entry showed, according to the witness, that Mrs. Chadwick was entitled on that day to \$40,000, either in cash or credit. Other entries on that date showed that an item of \$40,000 was deposited, though it was not specified by whom. If the cash or certified check was given Mrs. Chadwick on that day, the entries were entire and covered the transactions in

a proper manner.
The witness testified that the certified check account on the ledger did not show that any of the checks he mentioned had been issued to Mrs. Chadwick. On cross-examination the witness admit-

ted that on the date that \$40,000 was entered on the journal, as being to the credit of Mrs. Chadwick, the ledger showed the same amount credited to the account of Oberlin College. The witness could not state, from the books, whether it was the same transaction or not.

A. B. Marshall, vice president of the First National Bank, was called to identify the signature of Mrs. Chadwick on six notes which had been paid by her.

Difference in Testimony.

On cross-examination he stated that in banking usage the number ident.fying a note should correspond with the number on the bank's discount register. Two of the notes had been properly i "mbered and four of them had not.

This evidence was directly opposed to the direct testimony of Assistant Cashier Avery and Receiver Lyon of the Oberlin Bank, who said that Mrs. Chadwick had neither money nor credit at the bank at the time any of the certified checks were issued.

Mr. Doolittle was reconciled for a few moments to testify to some insignificant details in connection with the notes and Judge Wing then declared: That is all, your honor, we rest our

case. Is there any rebuttal?" asked Judge Tayler. trict Attorney Sullivan, and the case, so far as the testimony was concerned was

It was announced to Judge Tayler by the attorneys for they desired to enter a motion directing a verdict for the defendant. Pending the argument on this the jury was dismissed with instructions to return at 1:30 p.m. Judge Wing asked that the case be taken from the jury and a verdict acquitting the defendant be ordered by court, on the ground that the indictment did not charge an offense, and the evidence did not prove that she had committed an offense against the United The arguments by Judge Wing in sup-

port of his motion, and that of District Attorney Sullivan in opposition, lasted throughout the remainder of the morning session of court.

What Indictment Charges.

The indictment against Mrs. Chadwick charges her with "conspiracy to commit an offense against the United States" by illegally certifying checks of the Oberlin

The attorneys for the defandant made the words "to commit" the point of at-They contended that, inasmuch as Mrs. Chadwick was not an official of the bank, it was impossible for her to certify checks. It was therefore impossible for her to conspire with others to commit an offense which it was impossible for her to commit as an individual.

FIRE UNDER PALACE.

Coal and Wood Cellars at Potsdam in a Blaze.

BERLIN, March 9.-Fire broke out at 3 o'clock this morning in the extensive coal and wood cellars under a wing of the new palace at Potsdam. The flames were extinguished after six hours' work by the Potsdam fire department. Two firemen were severely burned. The imperial family was in Berlin at the time the fire occurred.

MISSOURI SENATORSHIP.

No Additional Break Marked the Ballot Today.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 9.-There was no additional break in the vote for United States senator today. The ballot, the forty-second, resulted: Cockrell, 76: Niedringhaus, 57; Kerens, 15; Bartholdt, 5; Warner, 2; Dyer, 1; Lyons, 1; McKinley, 5 Total, 162 votes; necessary to a choice, 82.

PROBABLY NOT CORRECT.

Rumor in Labor Circles of Demand for

General Increase in Pay. There has been a report in circulation to the effect that a general demand for an increase in wages will be made by the building trades of the District May 1. This report was investigated today by a Star reporter, and the only apparent foundation for it appeared to be in the statement that the bricklayers have entered into a new wage scale with the bosses, while the paperhangers' union has appointed a committee to report upon the advisability of demanding more pay.

At the headquarters of the carpenters and painters the statement was made this afternoon that those trades have not given any consideration as yet to any proposed increase in pay or decrease in the hours of Whether they will or not could not

It is expected that the active building season will begin in a few days, and the business agents of the several trades report that there are plenty of mechanics

THE NEW SWISS MINISTER.

Dr. Vogel Will Be Presented to the President Tomorrow

Mr. Leo Vogel, the new Swiss minister. has arrived in Washington and called at the State Department today to pay his respects to Secretary Hay. He will be presented to the President at the White House tomorrow. Mr. Vogel succeeds Mr. Fernand du Martheray, who has been transferred to a diplomatic post in Europe. The affairs of the Swiss legation have been since last January conducted by Mr. Ernst Probst, the secretary of the legation and charge d'affaires ad interim. Dr. Vogel, who

RUSSIAN OFFICIALS ADOPTED STERN MEASURES.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, March 9.-A dispatch to the Aurore from St. Petersburg states that the violent repression of disorders by the Russian authorities has recommenced. Twenty workmen were killed at the Odukoff works, in St. Petersburg.

Assassin's Princely Connections. A cablegram from St. Petersburg says: The correspondent of Petite Journal declares that the assassin of Grand Duke Sergius has been found to be a member of a princely family connected with the Obolenskys. This is the reason for the concealment of his name by the authorities and explains the visit which Grand Duchess

Elizabeth paid to him in his cell.

Fatal Clash of Strikers. ST. PETERSBURG, March 9.-A telegram from Ekaterinovlav, south Russia, says that five miners have been killed and fifteen wounded in a conflict between strikers of the Shoerbinoff mines and the Auerbach quicksilver mines and soldiers in the district of Bakhmut. The strikers started looting, and the troops threatened to shoot. The former thereupon fired at the soldiers with revolvers and also threw stones at them, whereupon the troops fired a vol-

ley and order was restored.

Revolutionary disorders have broken out at Smolensk, middle Russia, Bands of demonstrators are marching through the streets carrying red flags.

Disorders at Smolensk.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, March 8 .- A cablegram from St. Petersburg says: Revolutionary disorders have broken out at Smolensk. Bands of men carrying red flags are parading the streets.

MR. CORTELYOU'S SPEECH.

Brief Remarks Made to the Bureau Chiefs Today.

Postmaster General Cortelyou this morning formally received the bureau chiefs and the chiefs of division in his office before beginning the day's labors. There were about 200 of these officials of the Post Office Department who gathered to shake the hand of their new head. They filed in, the first comers being introduced by Chief Clerk Chance and the others by their chiefs or those who were acquainted with Mr. his term before in the department, when he was but a clerk there.

After taking the hand of every one of his callers, the Postmaster General stood by of his desk and briefly addressed them. He said:

"I see many familiar faces here. I am not going to make any extended remarks. You will get them later, in the course of your work. You will find that the Postmaster General will take a deep interest in your work, and he expects you in turn to take a deep interest in his. Good morning."

MOTHERS' CONGRESS.

Preparations for the Opening Session Tomorrow Evening.

The president of the National Congress of mothers, Mrs. Frederick Schoff, is at the Raleigh, which is the national headquarters for the organization. She spent the morning in conference with the local committees, particularly that on arrangements, of which Mrs. W. F. Holtzman is chairman and Mrs. A. A. Birney vice chairman. The other chairmen of committees are: Mrs. Wilbur Dales, on railroad reception; Mr. J. Parsons, on music; Miss Helen A. Vinton, literature; Mrs. Charles H. Verrill, badges and credentials; Mrs. E. H. Parsons, decorations, and Mrs. Fred. T. Dubois, general reception.

The whole of Friday will be given over to conferences of the national officers and board of managers at the Raleigh. In the evening the congress will be formally opened at the Metropolitan M. E. Church, 4½ and C streets, at 8 o'clock. The invocation will be pronounced by Rev. Frank M. Bristol. Greetings for Washington will M. Bristol. Greetings for Washington will be presented by Commissioner Macfar-land and by Mrs. Theodore Birney, honor-ary president of the National Congress of Mothers, and its first president. Greetings will then be received from fra-ternal delegates, and Mrs. Frederic Shoff, rectional president will received

national president, will respond.

The address of the evening will be given by Dr. C. Stanley Hall of Worcester, Mass., on "New Ideals of Motherhood Suggested by Child Study." Dr. Hall has given up by Child Study." Dr. Hall has given up his life to child study, and has recently given to the world two large volumes on 'Adolescence' which are quoted as the most perfect masterpieces for profundity

All sessions will be open to the public. VERDICT OF GUILTY.

Jury Recommends Defendant Burkhard

to Mercy of Court. A jury in Criminal Court No. 1 today a recommendation for mercy, in the case of Joseph Burkhard, indicted for having committed an assault with a dangerous weapon on John G. Gobel while at 907 7th street June 11, last. It was contended that without provocation Burkhard drew a knife and stabbed Gobel three times in the abdomen, as a result of a quarrel. There were extenuating circumstances urged by the defense. Assistant United States Attorney Turner

conducted the prosecution and Attorneys Lambert and Baker represented the de fendant.

A BATTLE ANNIVERSARY.

Celebrated by an Informal Banquet Yesterday.

Yesterday, the forty-third anniversary of the battle of Pea Ridge, was the occasion of a delightful reunion and banquet tendered to General Black, the president of the civil service commission; Major General Osterhaus, General John L. King, United States pension agent; Colonel Charles J. Murphy of Brussels, Belgium; Prof. George W. Hill of the Agricultural Department and Baron de Kattenback of Russia by a few friends in commemoration of the event. General Black, General Osterhaus and Colonel King played conspicuous parts in the battle of Pea Ridge, General Black being severely wounded. Baron de Kattenback announced in the course of the banquet that the czar had conferred on Colonel Murphy order of St. Stanislaus, which conveys with it the title of chevaller, in recognition of his being the first person to call the at tention of the American people to the starving condition of the Russian peasants in 1890 and 1891 and to ask for the donation of a ship load of wheat. He said that Russia had not forgotten the friendly spirit displayed by the American people at that time. General Black and the other distinguished guests present made brief ad-dresses, and the occasion was in the nature of a very interesting and happy re

NORTH SEA CLAIMS.

Russia Pays Damages and the Incident is Closed.

LONDON, March 9 .- Count Benckendorff the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, today paid \$325,000 to Foreign Secretary Lansdowne in settlement of the North Sen claims and the incident was thus closed.

The Millard Appeal Case.

The Court of Appeals today heard the appeal of Josiah Millard from the decree of Justice Anderson dismissing his bill for injunction to prevent the payment by the District of Columbia of any money to

HAVE HURLED TO BOTTOM OF A MINE NEAR WILKESBARRE.

> WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 9.-While seven men were being hoisted in the carriage in the Clear Spring colliery at West Pittston today the rope broke, and the men were hurled to the bottom, a distance of 250 feet. All were killed.

The names of the victims are: George Haas, Anthony and Michael Janosky, Anthony Galios, Stanley Blandis, Adam Kantosky and Anthony Josephus.

STUDENTS TO DEBATE.

Arrangements Made by George Washington Boys.

The second intersociety debate between the Columbian and the Needham Debating Societies of the George Washington University Law School has been arranged for tomorrow night at 8 o'clock in University Hall. The debate, it is expected, will be one of the most interesting ever held between the two clubs. The question selected is whether or not the whipping post should be established for the punishment of wife beaters. The Columbian society has the affirmative and the Needhamites will defend the nega-

Herbert W. Myers, Maryland; Alvin L. Newmyer, District of Columbia, and Fred B. Rhodes, Maryland, with C. M. Morris, Utah, as alternate, will represent the Columbian Society, and Carl J. Hellerstedt, Tennessee; Birdette P. Hickox, Michigan, and Robert Boxter Pharr, North Carolina, will champion the cause of the Needham

Senator Thomas S. Martin of Virginia, Justice D. Thew Wright of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia and Professor John Paul Earnest have consented to act as judges. President William H. Woodwell of New

Society.

Hampshire will preside. This debate is the second of the year. A series of three debates are held each year. Last year the Needham Society won two out of three, and so far this year the Columbians have gotten the best of it, winning the first debate of the present series.

LURED BACK TO HEATHENISM. Remarkable Departure of a Converted

Native African. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 9 .- A dis

patch to the News from Huntington. Ind., says: The executive committee of the missionary board of the United Brethren in Cortelyou and had worked with him during Christ has dropped from the rolls of the church Daniel Flickinger Wilberforce, a native African, who was brought to this country as a child, and after being educated was returned by the board to his old tribe as a missionary. It is charged by the board that after a service of twenty-five years as a missionary the negro minister has been lured back to heathenism, has become chief of his old tribe of devil worshipers, and has contracted plural marriages in the wilds of Africa.

Nearly fifty years ago Daniel Kumler Flickinger, then secretary of the mission-ary board of the church, was in West Africa on mission work. While visiting a Congregational missionary announcement was made that a male child had been born was made that a male child had been born in the negro village. The host of Dr. Flickinger christened the baby Daniel Flickinger Wilberforce. Twelve years later the boy had been brought to America by a returning missionary. Dr. Flickinger accidentally discovered his namesake at work at the missionary house in New York. Dr. Flickinger took the lad to Devton Obio. Flickinger took the lad to Dayton, Ohio.

The boy was sent to school, then through high school and later to a medical college at Cleveland. He married a negress at Dayton. Later the two went to Africa to do missionary work among the old tribe from which Wilberforce came. Later the missionary and family returned to this country and Wilberforce lectured throughout the central states. His four childrentwo sons and two daughters-attended Central college here.

boys are still in this country, one at Otterbein College and the other in the Dayton high school. Wilberforce returned to Africa. The board has been informed of his relapse to heathenism, of accompanying plural marriages and of his becoming chief of the tribe. The venerable Dr. Flickinger is much depressed over the backsliding of his protege, but sanctions the action of the board.

Wrong Name Given.

Owing to the form in which the death certificate was made out and filed with the health department, there was published in the list of deaths in Tuesday's Star the name of "Herman Gasch." The death certificate should have read Catherine E. Gasch, but the party who filled out the certificate wrote the abbreviation "Mrs." before the name, and this abbreviation was not noticed by the clerk copying the certificates to the record. Catherine E. Gasch, The Star is informed, was the wife of Her-

officials .c. the health department state that the Christian names of the deceased persons should always be placed on the certificates of death, as in the case of A jury in Criminal Court No. 1 today the death of a wife it is no identification rendered a verdict of guilty, qualified with to place the title "Mrs." before the Christian name of the husband.

Smoke Law Cases.

There were three alleged violators of the smoke law in the Police Court this morning. James J. Broadbent, manager of the Frazee laundry, whose plant is located at 2121 E street northwest, was the first defendant. After entering a plea of not guilty a jury trial was demanded, and \$50 collateral was accepted for his appearance.

The jury was then called, and the first case announced for trial was that of Raleigh H. Moler, one of the firm of Knott & Moler, owners of the Columbia lime kiln, which is located at the corner of 28th and Virginia avenue northwest. After hearing the evidence the jury brought in a verdict

of not guilty.
Norman L. Sansbury, who, until some time ago, was the agent of the owners of the International Investment Company building, which is located at 719 and 721 13th street northwest, was arraigned upon a charge of having violated the law on December 21, 1904. After hearing the evidence he was declared not guilty by the jury.

Will of Virginia Larkin.

The will of Mary Virginia Larkin, dated March 26, 1904, has been filed for probate. With the exception of small bequests to George Hilbus, George H. Sheels, James H. Sheels, Fanny Owens, Margaret W. Allison, Father Patrick O'Connor and the Sun-day school of St. Vincent de Paul of Washington, D. C., her estate is left to Mrs. Margaret Lane, who is named exeutrix

Proof of Murder Inconclusive

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9 .- Though they still deem the proof of murder inconclusive, the police of this city are trying to find a possible motive for the poisoning of Mrs. Stanford. With this end in view they are making a minute investigation into the stories of household intrigues told by Beverly, the former butler, and Elizabeth Richmond, the former maid of Mrs. Stanford, who now lives in Beverly's home at San Mateo. believed that among the stories of

quarrels and "graft" a hint of the motive for murder may be found.

Albert Beverly, the former butler, has, it is said, made a statement to the police to the effect that by means of "rake downs" and commissions he had "grafted" about \$2,100. He reiterates his story that he divided his "rake downs" with Misner, Mrs. Stanford's secretary, and that her share amounted to between \$1,000 and \$1,100.

Hearing in Damage Suit.

Hearing is in progress in Circuit Court No. 1 in the case of Jacob Keroes, a tailor, against Weaver Brothers, real estate is a native of Zurich, has been in the Swiss diplomatic service for fifteen years. He was for a time secretary of legation in Washington and has been charge in his own behalf, and the appelless submitted the case without argument.

The District of Columbia of any money to railroad agents, to recover damages in the sum of the station. The appellant argued the case in his own behalf, and the appelless submitted the case without argument.

The District of Columbia of any money to railroad agents, to recover damages in the sum of the station. The appellant argued the case in his own behalf, and the appelless submitted the case without argument.

VIOLENT REPRESSION SEVEN MINERS KILLED CUT THE RAILWAY

(Continued from First Page.)

thentic Russian reports, has already reached a point opposite the station of Souhatai, half way between Mukden and Tie Pass, but it is believed that his left is swinging still further north for a blow at the line of communications, which would realize Field Marshal Oyama's plan for closing the iron ring.

The Tokyo report that the railroad is actually cut is not confirmed here, the telegraph office of the contrary declaring that communication with General Kuropatkin is still open. is still open. The losses already exceed those of any battle of the war.

The fanaticism displayed by the Japanese is shown in an instance mentioned by a Russian correspondent, who describes how a captured Japanese broke away from his captors and threw himself headforemost into a Chinese well.

While the defeat of Kuropatkin has re-vived the talk of peace, it is too early yet to measure its full effect. If Kuropatkin succeeds in drawing off his army, no matter how badly shattered, the war office insists that the situation will be unchanged, repeating the old argument, that Kurpat-kin, with his army still intact, will again await reinforcements, while the Japanese will suffer under the disadvantages of lengthened communications. Reported That West Front is Broken.

In diplomatic circles unless Oyama has crushed the Russian army little hope is held out that the imperial resolution to continue the war will be altered. Much, t is agreed, will depend upon the internal developments which follow when the full magnitude of the reverse is known.

Naturally the city is full of rumors, the most persistent of which is that the Russian west front, which practically extends north and south to protect the line of retreat, has been broken, and that the bulk of the Russian army has been forced eastward in the direction of Fushun. Should this prove true Gen. Bilderling's part of Gen. Linevitch's army is certain to be rapped.'

Admit Attack on North Front. The general staff has received the following dispatch from General Sakharoff, General Kuropatkin's chief of staff. dated to-

"Several fierce attacks on our north front were made during the night. They were all repulsed. "In other directions the night was

General Sakharoff's reference to the Russian "north front" would seem to indicate that a Japanese force is between Mukden and Tie pass. Though the Japanese may have cut the telegraph lines along the railroad, it is possible that field telegraph lines have been run between Fushun, where Kuropatkin may have his headquarters and Tie pass, thus accounting for the seem-ing conflict in the advices from Tokyo and St. Petersburg regarding the severance of the Russian line of communications.

RUSSIANS ABANDONED VILLAGE. Japanese Attacked and Occupied Pudiasa Yesterday.

MUKDEN, March 9, 2:30 a.m.-The Japanese yesterday attacked the village of Pudiasa, northwest of the imperial tombs, and a stubborn fight followed, but the Russian advanced guard was obliged to abandon the village.

During the night the Japanese attacked the village of Santaitse, north of the imperial tombs. The fight continues as this dispatch is filed. The Japanese outposts have reached

Hirantchan, on the south front, and a

heavy cannonade is in progress this

morning. TIENTSIN, March 9, 2 p.m.-The Japanese have requested the transportation of 450 tons of rice to Sinmintin. Unless the request is complied with the Japanese threaten to selze the railroad. It is believed to be a test case. The Russians' constant shipment of wheat and coal to Sinmintin was not interfered with, and the Japanese demand impartiality. Today they again seized the telegraph office at

POSITIONS UNCHANGED.

Sinmintin.

Situation of the Two Armies Before Mukden Today. MUKDEN, March 7, evening, via St. Pe-

tersburg, March 9, 4:25 p.m.-The positions are unchanged today, and though the Russian left flank has fallen back slightly this is not considered important, except as showing the persistence of the Japanese attempt at the envelopment or rolling-up of both the Russian flanks.

The Japanese were last night repulsed at Poutiloff hill. Kandolisan and Gaotu pass. T, a fate of the embattled right wing still hinges on the Sha river, where the Russian troops are holding out well.

The siege guns accumulated in the center by both sides have been shown to be unimportant to the present movement. For three days past an acriminous artillery engagement has been going on opposite

Suchiatun, which the Russians were hold-ing strongly, and while they have withdrawn from Suchiatun in order to correct their battle alignment, yet they recovered and control the villiage of Machiapu.

The railroad appears to be secure on the west and the Russian positions throughout the center and right are maintained, but the importance of the first six days' fighting on the right is confirmed and the effect on the present struggle is apparent. flanking and counter-flanking by the Jap-anese to the north along the railroad is now the main feature of the situation.

Some Japanese prisoners were brought in from the west today. Broke Through Russian Lines. The Japanese during the night broke through the Russian lines, reached the railroad and slightly damaged the line. The Russians later drove them away, the line

was repaired and traffic was resumed. Early this morning heavy fighting was in progress against the Russian right flank division and a report was received of the presence of columns of Japanese far north-

ward and marching westward. No news was received today from the Russian eastern army. Throughout yesterday the Japanese attacked from the west and northeast. The Russian division on the extreme right was hard pressed and during the night the pressure of the Japanese, who were rinforced and who placed an additional bat-tery in position, became so great that the

tery in position, became so great that the division had to retire.

The adjoining division on its left also retired. The night did not pass quietly. There was heavy rifle fire and the Japanese during the night blow up the huts in that part of the village of Ushuntun occupied by them at nightfall. They then retired.

This morning matters generall were quiet in that quarter. During the fighting yesterday Gen Kaulbass decorated with his terday Gen. Kaulbras decorated with his own Cross of St. George a sharpshooter named Ivan Barkoffi who, though wounded in the hand, declined to go to the rear and have it bandaged. Gen. Kaulbars on as-certaining that Barkoff had previously been wounded at the battle of Liaoyang and at the Shakhe river, dismounted, kissed the man and pinned his cross on Barkoff's

RUSSIANS SWEPT THE LINES. Heroic Assault at Midnight - Recaptured Hills in Center.

GENERAL RENNENKAMPFF'S HEAD-QUARTERS, MADYADANI, Manchuria, Tuesday, March 7, morning.-In pursuance of orders to retake at any cost the positions at Oubenepusa, lost at nightfall, the Russians at midnight stormed and recaptured the hills in the center. A weird review preceded the attack, as the regi-

a shout or firing a shot the storming col-umn swept like a tidal wave over the suc-cessive lines of Japanese covering the hills. Among the Russian and Japanese dead on the hills was a Japanese general in full

STAFF OFFICERS IN THE DARK. Gloomy Feeling at St. Petersburg-

Waiting for News. ST. PETERSBURG, March 9, 6:30 p.m. -The general staff officers can furnish no clear explanation of the exact situation at Mukden, declining to make public any details beyond those contained in the official dispatches.

The atmosphere of the war office is intensely gloomy. The officials admit that Gen. Kuropatkin has suffered a bloody defeat, but they insist that it is not a decisive disaster. Their explanation of the dispatches of

Gens. Kuropatkin and Sakharoff reporting fighting on the "north front" is that they refer to Japanese attempts to break through the Russian line screening the communications with Tie pass, but the public regards it as an acknowledgment that Gen. Nogi has already severed the Russian line of communications and inclosed at least a portion of General Bilderling's army, which was bringing up the rear.

The dispatches of the Associated Press show beyond doubt that General Nogi has actually succeeded in reaching the railroad. although it was specifically affirmed that the line was repaired and reopened. It is possible that this temporary interruption

may have caused the Tokyo report. The most important known development of the day is the report that a flying Japanese column has appeared northeast of Mukden and is heading rapidly west. This probably is part of Gen. Kuroki's army, which is making a detour by forced marches and swinging around to effect a juncture with Gen. Nogi. If the maneuver succeeds the net will be closed. It is said here that General Kuropatkin with his headquarters staff is now at Fan-

kiatung station on the railroad, ten miles below Tie Pass. The general staff admits that the carnage in the battle will probably exceed anything in modern warfare, although the staff officers insist that the Japanese must have sustained the heaviest losses. The Russians believe they surely will reach 50,000.

Conference on Proposed Law.

Commisioner Macfarland has collected all the recent state laws relating to supervision of banks and building and loan associations, and within about a week he will write to the officials of the private and savings banks and of the building and loan associations in the District inviting them to a conference at the District building to discuss a proposed law governing the supervision of private banks and building asso ciations in the District.

The Commissioner has also recently con-ferred with the controller of the currency and he states that if the supervision of th banks can be made under the controller he will favor such a plan, as it will save the District the additional expense of examiners, etc.

Granted a Divorce.

Justice Stafford in Equity Court No. 2. oday signed a decree granting Kathryn E. Israel a divorce from Percey Belt Israel, on the ground of desertion, and authorizing her to resume her maiden name, Clark.

New England's Banner Family.

From the Boston Herald. One having read the forceful exclamations of President Roosevelt when he is "dee-lighted" involuntarily wishes he were within hearing distance of the head of the nation when the latter is shown the photograph of John Nolan of Brookline, his wife and fifteen children, which is said to be the banner family group of the state if not of New England. Father and mother, nine girls, all beauties, and six boys and young men-that's the Nolan family group, and a men—that's the Nolan family group, and a finer looking family one would not see in a week's journey, John F., the eldest, is thirty-three, and Dorothy, the "baby," is eight. The head of this household is a man of fifty-four years, a rugged, well-preserv-ed, vigorous and intelligent Irishman, born and bred in the "old country," having come here while in his teens. The mother is a few years younger, and was born in St.

A Minister of Amusements.

From the London Stage In view of the enormous amounts now involved in amusements and the topsy-turvy conditions generally prevailing with regard to licensing, censorship of plays, and the thousand and one questions continually cropping up for argument in connection therewith, the time is ripe for the legislature to institute a minister of amusements, not necessarily at a princely stipend. The establishment might be self-supporting from the fees alone. Place the whole thing under one head, and thus not only secure a single-minded judgment on all matters connected with the world of amusements, but leave no shadow of excuse for the self-arrogation of such functions as are now exercised by the grand dukes of the bill-posting

profession. The Beauty Chase.

From the Minneapolis Tribune, Here are some of the things that society women really do or have done in the mad chase for beauty.

They take milk baths. They bathe their faces daily in real sweet cream. They have their entire faces skinned, so that a new skin may grow over the old

They have their noses shaped. They shave their eyebrows into a perfect

They have their lips shaped into a cu-They have all nature's fine hairs removed from the skin by electrolysis. They have real dimples cut in their cheeks and chins.
They have good strong crooked teeth removed and artificial straight ones screwed

onto the stumps.

rated with the poison.

They go into complete retirement for six months at a time, are "done over" and emerge perfect beauties.

They have artificial figures built in their frocks and artificial insteps made in their But it is not all wasted time. Never has the world been so crowded with beautiful women! Never have there been so many

unbeautiful women who have produced the illusion of beauty. Points for Smokers

From the Medical Brief. Very few people are aware how much harm is done to young men by the almost universal habit of cigarette smoking. The man who smokes cigarettes has one always in his mouth, and is continually inhaling nicotine until the system is satu-

The result of this practice is a catarrhal condition of the nose, throat and bronchi, a disordered and very irritable state of the nerves, a weak and rapid action of the heart, and indigestion. Thin, anaemic, weak, with clammy hands

nerves and degenerated muscles, the youth of the land go on ignorantly suffering the consequences of a pernicious habit until attacks of heart trouble, nervous prostration, melancholia, etc., bring their condition to the attention of the physician. If a man must smoke-and we admit the charm of the habit to those who have become accustomed to its soothing influences —let him choose a mild cigar, and have certain set times for indulging. If he puts certain restrain upon himself from the start, in the matter of smoking, he will not overdo it, and there are few men who can smoke more than three cigars a day without injury.

Bartels and Henry Phillips, said to be strangers in this city, were arrested yesreview preceded the attack, as the regiments selected for this service filed past Gen. Rennenkampff in dead silence with pale, set faces illuminated by the rays of the moon. As the last set of fours passed, the general turned his horse and departed, saying:

"Send me word when you succeed."

His confidence was justified, for without states of the moon. As the last set of fours passed, the general turned his horse and departed, saying:

"Send me word when you succeed."

His confidence was justified, for without states are rested by Detectives McNamee and Flather and three visiting detectives. One of the trio had a railroad ticket in his pocket, and the detectives, who believe it is forged, are trying to locate the owner. It is probable that the prisoners will be tried in the Police Court tomorrow.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Provi Open. HAY—Firm, unchanged.

GRAIN FREIGHTS—Dull, unchanged.

GRAIN FREIGHTS—Dull, unchanged.

BUTTER—Steady; fancy imitation, 27a28; fancy creamery, 32a33; fancy ladle, 23a25; store packed, 22a23.

CHECAGO, March 9.—Provi Open. HAY—Firm, unchanged.

GRAIN FREIGHTS—Dull, unchanged.

BUTTER—Steady; fancy imitation, 27a28; fancy creamery, 32a32; fancy ladle, 23a25; store packed, 22a23.

CHECAGO, March 9.—Provi Open.

CHECAGO, March 9.—Provi Open.

ANY—Firm, unchanged.

BUTTER—Steady; fancy imitation, 27a28; fancy creamery, 32a32; fancy ladle, 23a25; store packed, 22a23.

CHECAGO, March 9.—Provi Open.

CHECAGO, March 9.—Provi Open.

ANY FIRM, unchanged.

BUTTER—Steady; fancy imitation, 27a28; fancy creamery, 32a32; fancy ladle, 23a25; store packed, 22a23.

CHECAGO, March 9.—Provi Open.

ANY FIRM, Washell, NA, Washel

LOCAL FINANCIAL NEWS.

At the meeting of the Bankers' Association of the District, which will be held at Rauscher's Monday evening, an address will be made by Mr. J. Wirt Randall, president of the Farmers' National Bank of Annapolis, on the value of a bankers' association. The subject of time discounts will be discussed in connection with the report of the special committee. A buffer luncheon will be served.

Capital Traction stock sold at today's meeting of the stock exchange from 148% to 148%. After the trading, which was not

very extensive, the stock was to be had at 148½ and 148¼ was bid.

An official announcement was read that at the meeting of the directors of the company, held yesterday, the dividend had been increased from 5 to 6 per cent annually, and that at the quarterly dividend period next month \$1.50 on each share would be paid instead of \$1.25. The books for the transfer of stock will be closed the 15th instant.

In talking about the rumors that prevail relative to an extra dividend one of the directors said today that beyond the action taken in increasing the dividend the subject was not discussed at the meeting yesterday He said that any further dividend payments are not even contemplated, and, in his judg-ment, it would be a long time before the company would be in a financial condition to pay more to the stockholders than is provided for by the action taken at yesterday's

The preferred stock of the Washington Railway and Electric Company was for sale at 93½, and quite a good deal was taken at that figure. A somewhat better price was secured in the case of one or two lots. An offer was made to buy or sell the stock at 93%. At the close the bid had risen to that level and 94 was asked. Options were sold at 94. The common stock sold down from 34% to 33%, and at the close the stock was to be had at 33%, and 33% was bid. An offer was

made during the trading to buy or sell the

stock at 33%. Better prices were obtained for Mergenthaler than was the case yesterday and the stock sold as high as 202. At the close it was still to be had at that price. The best bid was 201%.

Lanston was to be had at 16%, and then at 16%. At the close the bid was 16%. A 1,000-share lot was bought for 16%, and an option sold by the purchaser on the same amount for 16%. At the close 16% was asked and 16% bid.

Graphophone common stock maintained

the highest level which has been attained

within the past day or two. All the stock that was for sale at 6½ was taken, and 6% and 6½ was also paid. The advance in the price of this stock is attributed to the belief that the dividend is to be in-Union Trust Company stock was dealt n to a considerable extent, and in a range

stock was offered at 130 1/2 and 120 1/4 was bid. There was good trading in the bonds of the Washington Railway and Electric Company at 89% and 89%. At the close 89% was bid and 90 was asked.

demption, \$1,430,212. Government receipts:

From internal revenue, \$1,037,457; customs,

of prices from 130 % to 132%. Yesterday the

Today's Government Receipts. National bank notes received today for re-

\$873,684; miscellaneous, \$169,315. Expenditures, \$1,800,000. Washington Stock Exchange. Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales.—Regular call, 12 o'clock noon—Capital Traction 4s, \$1,000 at 110½, \$1,000 at 110½, \$4,1000 at 110½, \$1,000 at 89¾, \$20 at 148½, 20 at 148¾, 20 at 148¾,

at 94 (buyer 60), 50 at 93½, 100 at 93½, 100 at 934. 100 at 934. Washington Rwy, and Elec. com., 100 at 93¼, 100 at 34¼, 100 at 34, 50 at 34, 100 at 33¾, 100 at 33¾, 100 at 33%. Union Trust Co., 8 at 130, 2 at 130, 10 at 130%. One 1768 Co., 8 at 130, 2 at 130, 10 at 1 10 at 130½, 10 at 131, 10 at 131½. American National Bank, 1 at 170, 1 at 170, Washington Gas 25 at 68½, 15 at 68%, 2

Washington Gas 25 at 68%, 13 at 68%, 25 at 68%.

Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at 201½, 10 at 201½, 10 at 201½, 10 at 201½, 10 at 201¾, 10 at 201¾, 10 at 201¾, 10 at 201¾, 10 at 202, 20 at 202, 10 at 202, 10 at 202, 10 at 203 (buyer 60), 20 at 202, 10 at 201¾, 100 at 16¾, 50 at 16¾, 70 at 16¾, 100 at 6¼, 100 at 6¼,

American Graphophole pfd., 100 at 8%, Greeke Copper, 100 at 28%, 100 at 28%, 100 at 28% (buyer 60). 28½ (buyer 60).

After call—Washington Gas cert., \$1,000 at 122.

Lanston Monotype, 100 at 16%.

American Graphophone com., 100 at 6%, 100 at 13%.

50° at 6½, 1,000 at 6%, 95 at 6¼, 5 at 6½. 07 at 6¼. Union Trust Co., 10 at 132, 10 at 132¼. 10 at 132. Washington Rwy. and Elec. com., 100 at 33%. Washington Rwy. and Elec. pfd., 100 at 93%

(buyer 60). RAILROAD BONDS. Capital Traction 4s..... Metropolitan 5s cert. indebt., A...
Metropolitan 5s cert. indebt., B...
Columbia 6s...
Columbia 5s...
City and Suburban 5s...
Annecesta and P. tomac 5s. MISCELLANEOUS BONDS MISCELLANEOUS BOND
Washington Gas 6s, cries A.
Washington Gas 6s, cries B.
Washington Gas cert.
U. S. r.ec. Lt. deb. imp. 6s.
U. S. Ylec. Lt. cert. ind. 6s.
Chesapeake and Potomac Tel. 5s.
Washington Market 1st 6s. 104 nac Electric 5s. Union Trust Co Washington Savings Bank..... n Rwy, and Elec. com... NATIONAL BANK STOCKS. 165 Second Columbia Capital ineo'..... Riggs INSURANCE STOCKS. Firanen's.
Frank'.
Metropoliian. Potomae.... Riggs People's Con mercial Colonial 9 7 51/8

TITLE INSURANCE STOCKS

Title.....

eal Estate
Outside State
Vashington Title
Vashington Title
TELEPHONE AND GRAPHOPHONE STOCKS.

TELEPHONE AND GRAPHOPHONE STOCKS.

614
614
614
9

GAS STOCKS.

TYPE MACHINE STOCKS.

45 *6¼ 8¾

Opening Influenced by London Bank Reduction.

READING ABSORPTION

FINANCE AND TRADE

MANY OF THE LEADERS WERE CARRIED UP A POINT OR MORE.

Confidence Marked Operations on Long Side of Market -- Check Caused a Halt-Sugar Drive.

NEW YORK, March 9 .- Reductions in the Bank of England discount rate contributed the stock market here today, and the heavy an inspiriting influence to the opening in absorption of Reading was continued. The consequence was a strong and animated opening. Reading rose an extreme % on running sales of 14,000 shares. Union Pacific was carried up a point on 6,000 shares, and Atchison as much on over 10,000 shares. Advances of I to 1% were shown by Atlantic Coast Line, Kansas and Texas preferred and Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie. Canadian Pacific and Consolidated Gas rose 2 and Anaconda 44. There were large fractional gains for New York Central, Norfolk and Western, United States Rubber preferred and Metropolitan

Street railway.

Operations on the long side of the market were conducted with more confidence, Dealings converged on Reading, Pennsylvania, ings converged on Reading, Pennsylvania, Union Pacific, Atchison and Amalgamated Copper, and their advance had a tonic effect on allied properties. New York Central moved up rapidly. Reading fluctuated feverishly between 98% and 99½.

The principal gains of the first hour were New York Central 1%. Union Pacific and Southern Pacific 1% and St. Paul, the Atchisons, Northwestern, Pennsylvania, Amal-

isons, Northwestern, Pennsylvania, Amalgamated Copper, the Smelting stocks, Federal Mining preferred, Colorado Fuel, Virginia-Carolina Chemical and U. S. Reduc-tion and Refining preferred, 1 to 1½. Reading moved up to 99%, while the gen-eral movement halted and turned backward

a fraction. The market became dull with the check. Additional stocks to rise 1 to 11/2 were Louisville and Nashville, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, St. Paul preferred, Colorado and Southern preferred, Pacific Mail, Bag, Pipe, United States Rubber, Woolen, Detroit United Railways and United States Reduction. United States Reduction pre-ferred gained 3½ and People's Eastern and Fort Worth and Denver City 2. The Malting stocks lost 1. Bonds were firm at noon. A bear drive against Sugar commenced at noon and it was driven down to 143, a loss of 24. Its precipitate fall weakened the market, New York Central reacting a point and Reading losing all of its rise. Recessions elsewhere were moderate in

the more important stocks. New York,

Chicago and St. Louis fell off 2 and Lack-

awanna and Lead 1. Eager buying of Smelting, which rose above 98, turned the trend of prices upward at 1 o'clock. Amal-

gamated got up to 80. Peoria and East-ern extended its gain to 4 points. Sloss-Sheffield Steel advanced 3, Chicago Terminal preferred 24, and the Hocking Valley stocks, Locomotive preferred and Corn Products preferred 1 to 14.

While there was a gradual improvement in values of the realized list devices the in values of the railroad list during the afternoon the more important movement was in the industrials and specialities. Metal stocks were bid for energetically and made material advances apart from

United States Steel, which hung back and was very dull. Smelting touched 99% and the preferred improved 2%. Sloss Sheffield Steel stiffened 5. Amalgamated Copper, Tennessee Coal, Westinghouse Electric and the Hocking Valley stocks 2 to 2½, Hocking Coal 1¾ and Lead, New York Air Brake, Leather preferred, Chicago and Alton and Chicago Terminal I. Canadian Pacific was

taken confidently up to 1461/2

New York Stock Market. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F street, members New

York stock exchange, Washington stock exchange and Chicago board of trade. Open. High. Low. 3:08. 874 8874 7834 80 4374 4374 4374 4374 112 11274 112 11274 Amalgamated Copper... American Locomotive. 439 American Loco., ptd..... 112 Canadian Pacific 14:34 14634 Chesapeake & Ohio 50 50 6 Chicago & Alton 3 50 6 Chicago & Alton 15:00 6 Chicago Great Western. Chi., Mil. & St. Paul..... Colorado Fuel & Iron.... Consolidated Gas...... 213 Delaware & Hudson...... 1925 Erie, common...... Erie, 2d pfd..... General Electric

Kansas City Southern. 30'4 Louisville & Nashville 142'4 Manhattan Elevated. 17i Metropolitan Sees, Co. 85'4 Metropolitan St. Rv. 128 142% 1713 853 1231 Metropolitan Sees, Co... 8514
Metropolitan St. Rv... 128
Mo., Kan. & Tex., com... 3114
Mo., Kan. & Tex., pfd... 6514
Missouri Pacific... 1294
Mexican Central 2345 1229 3114 65 1087/8 245/8 265/8 10914 10914 2614 37 26 Va. Car. Chemical Co..... Colorado Southern...... Colorado Southern...... Con. Tob. 4s... American Tobacco 4's... American Tobacco 4's... 747's
Southern Pacific. pfd... 1183'd
Det. Southern, pfd... 32'd
National Lead... 5eil 75% 7476 11592 11894 3.54 8234 28 3554 45814 157% N. Y., Ont. & Western... Norfolk & Western.... Pacific Mail Steamship. 55 841/4 46 1431/8 1101/8 37 981/4 981/4 181/4 76 847/6 80 841/2 1431/4 144 Pennsylvania R. R. People's Gas of Chicago 1103 Pressed Steel Car 37 Reading 995 991 Reading, 1st ptd... Reading, 2d pfd.

110% 57% 99% 99% 918% 199% 777 361% 815% 715% 62% Republic Steel & Iron... Rep. Steel & Iron, pfd... Rock Island, common... Rock Island, pfd..... Rubber Goods.... st. L. & S. F., 2d pfd..... St. Louis Southwestern... St. Louis S. W., pfd..... Southern Pacific 7914 Southern Railway .. Southern Railway, pfd. Tennessee Coai & Iron... 20 87% 39% Texas Pacific 13434 134-133-4 Union Pacific, ptd. United States Leather ... U. S. Leather, pfd......... United States Rubber.... 4314 8614 9614 95 2314 47 United States Steel Wabash, pfd.

Wheeling & L. E.

Chi. Ter. & T. Trust, pfd..

American Ice, pfd.... Wabash Deb. B

821/4 1421/4 661/4 821/8 142 6534 GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. 2 per cents, registered, 1930..... 2 per cents, registered, 1930.
2 per cents, coupons, 1930.
3 per cents, coupons, 1930.
3 per cents, coupons, 1908-18.
3 per cents, coupons, smail, 1908-18.
4 per cents, registered, 1907.
4 per cents, registered, 1907.
4 per cents, registered, 1925.
5 per cents, coupons, 1907.
5 per cents, coupons, 1925.
5 pistrict of Columbia 3,45s, 1924.
6 per cents, Philippines, 1914-34.

593/8 70

Grain. Provisions and Cotton Markets. CHICAGO, March 9,-Grain:

CHICAGO, March 9, Grain:
Open. High
Open. High
113½ 114
113½ 114
Out 48½
July 48½ 48½
July 48¾ 48½
July 31½ 31½
Outs—May 31½ 31½
Supplementary 31½ 31½
Outs—May 31½ 31½ CHICAGO, March 9.—Provisions:
Open. High
Pork—May 12.70 12.70
Lard—May 7.05 7.07
Ribs—May 6.82 6.87 Pork—May 12.70 12.70 12.70 12.70 12.70 12.70 Ribs—May 7.05 7.07 Ribs—May 6.82 6.87 NEW YORK, March 9.—Cotton: High. Low. 7.55 7.47 7.52 7.43 7.54 7.48 7.62 7.49

112% 113%-114 93% 94%-4 48 48%-4 48% 48%-9 31% 31% 31% 31%-9

Mergenthaler Linotype.....Lanston Monotype..... MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS. MISCELLIANEOUS STOCKS.
Washington Market 16
Nor. and Wash. Steamboat 250
Realty Appraisal Agency 50
*Ex-div. stained with nicotine poison, unstrung Baltimore Markets. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. BALTIMORE, Md., March 9.—FLOUR—Steady, inchanged; receipts, 6,522 barrels; exports, 426 parrels.

merican Graphophone pfd.

Georgetown Gas..

The same of the sa

Washington Gas.....

Three young men, Barnett Blank, James

unchanged; receipts, 6,522 barrels; exports, 426 barrels.

WHEAT—Weak; spot, contract, 111\(^1\)a112; spot, No. 2 red western, 112\(^1\)a113; March, 111\(^1\)a112; April, 112\(^1\)a112\(^1\); May, 113\(^1\)a113\(^1\); steamer No. 2 red, 105a105\(^1\); receipts, 910 bushels; southern by sample, 98a111; southern on grade, 100a112\(^1\).

CORN—Very quiet; spot, 52\(^1\)a52\(^3\); steamer mixed, 50\(^1\)a52\(^1\)a52\(^1\); May, 52\(^1\)a52\(^3\); steamer mixed, 50\(^1\)a50\(^1\); receipts, 63,742 bushels; exports, 28,164 bushels; southern white corn, 50a53; southern yellow corn, 50a53.

OATS—Firm; No. 2 white, 37a37\(^1\); No. 2 mixed, 36\(^1\)a36\(^1\); receipts, 5,160 bushels; exports, 50 bushels;

RYE—Firm; uptown, No. 2 western, 86a87.

HAY—Firm, uuchanged.

GRAIN FREIGHTS—Dull, unchanged.

BUTTER—Steady; fancy imitation, 27a28; fancy creamery, 32a33; fancy ladle, 23a25; store packed, 22a23.

EGGS—Steady, 22.